## Name of the Programme: M.Sc. Part-I (Chemistry)

Course Code: CHA-522 Title of the course: Practical Course in Analytical Chemistry - II

## Number of Credits: 02

**Effective from AY:** 2022-23

Prerequisites for the course:	Students should have studied chemistry practical courses at graduate level or must have cleared change of discipline entrance test conducted by Goa University.	
Course Objectives:	<ol> <li>Introduction of various experimental techniques for analysis.</li> <li>Learning data analysis, handling and interpretation of spectra.</li> </ol>	
Content:	This course consists of 7 units of experiments in various areas of Analytical chemistry. Minimum 13 experiments which include at least 02 experiments from unit 1-6 and 01 experiment from unit 7 shall be conducted.	No of hours
	Unit 1: Statistics i.Calibration of selected Volumetric apparatus ii.Calibration of selected Laboratory instruments iii.Preparation of standard solutions and standardisation.	9
	<ul> <li>Unit 2: Titrimetric Analysis</li> <li>i.Standardisation and estimation of Chloride using precipitation titration (Mohr's method)</li> <li>ii.Analysis of commercial caustic soda by neutralisation titrimetric method</li> <li>iii.Determination of sulphates by complexometric titrations using EDTA.</li> </ul>	8
	Unit 3: Flame Spectrophotometry and AES/AAS/ICP Spectroscopy i.Estimation of Na and K in food supplements or cosmetic products using flame photometer. ii.Estimation of chromium in water sample by AES/AAS/ICP. iii.Estimation of nickel, molybdenum in Hastelloy C-22 using AES/AAS/ICP.	10
	Unit 4: Natural product isolation and Ion Exchange Chromatography i.Isolation of cinnamaldehyde from cinnamon ji.Isolation of Caffeine from tea powder jii.Separation and estimation of Cadmium and Zinc	9
	<ul> <li>Unit 5: UV-Visible Spectrophotometry and High-Pressure Liquid Chromatography</li> <li>i. Estimation of KNO<sub>3</sub> and K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> using UV- Visible spectroscopy</li> <li>ii. Separation of Benzaldehyde and benzoic acid using reverse phase HPLC.</li> </ul>	10

	iii.Quantification of naphthalene in a sample using reverse phase	
	HPLC.	
	Unit 6: Solvent Extraction and spectrophotometry	10
	i.Spectrophotometric determination of aspirin/phenacetin/ caffeine	10
	in APC tablet using solvent extraction	
	ii.Colorimetric determination of iron with salicylic acid.	
	iii.Determination of copper in brass sample by colorimetry.	
	Unit 7: Data Interpretation Exercises	4
	i.NMR/Mass spectra	
	ii.HPLC and GC chromatograph	
	iii.XRD powder pattern of cubic systems	
	iv. Thermogram of coordination compounds	
Pedagogy:	Prelab exercises / assignments / presentations / lab hand-out or a com	bination
	of some of these. Sessions shall be interactive in nature to enable peer	group
	learning.	
References /	1. J. H. Kennedy, Analytical Chemistry Principles, Saunders Colleg	ge
Readings:	Publishing, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 1990.	
	2. G. D. Christian, Analytical chemistry, 5 <sup>th</sup> Ed., John Willey and Se	ons,
	1994	
	3. J. Mendham, R.C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas, B. Sivasank	· ·
	Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed., Pea	rson
	Education Asia 2009.	• ,
	4. J. Elias, Collection of interesting chemistry experiments, Univers	sity
	press, 2002.	
	5. R.A. Day & A.L. Underwood, Quantitative Analysis, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed., Pre Hall, 2001.	ntice
	<ol> <li>J. Kenkel, Analytical Chemistry for Technicians, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Lewis</li> </ol>	
	publishers, 2002.	
Course	1. Students will be able to standardize a material to determine an unki	nown
outcomes:	concentration.	
	2. Students will use statistical methods to analyse data in laboratory.	
	3. Students will be able to use different techniques for qualitative and	
	quantitative estimation.	
	4. Students will be able to interpret TG/X-Ray/IR spectra.	