

**Name of the Programme:** M.Sc. Part-I (Chemistry)

**Course Code:** CHO-500      **Title of the course:** Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry

**Number of Credits:** 04

**Effective from AY:** 2022-23

<b>Prerequisites for the course:</b>	Students should have studied chemistry courses at graduate level or must have cleared change of discipline entrance test conducted by Goa University.	
<b>Course Objective:</b>	1. To study the various concepts based on molecular orbital theory. 2. To understand the concepts of topicity, prostereoisomerism and chemo-, regio- and stereoselectivity in organic reactions. 3. To understand the mechanistic aspects of various type of reactions in organic synthesis.	
<b>Content</b>	<b>1.Molecular orbitals and delocalized chemical bonding</b> a. Qualitative description of molecular orbitals of simple acyclic and monocyclic systems, frontier molecular orbitals. b. Conjugation, cross conjugation, resonance, hyperconjugation and tautomerism (types and examples). c. Aromaticity: Origin of Huckel's rule, examples of aromatic, non-aromatic and antiaromatic compounds; concept of Mobius aromaticity.	No of hours  08
	<b>2.Structure &amp; Reactivity</b> a. Acidity, basicity and pKa of organic compounds; Acid and base strengths; HSAB concept & Factors affecting it, effect of structure & medium on acid and base strength. b. Concept of superacids and superbases. c. Electrophilicity&nucleophilicity, examples of ambident nucleophiles & electrophiles. (Including revision of aromatic electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution)	08
	<b>3.Stereochemistry</b> a. Brief revision of configurational nomenclature: R & S; D & L; E & Z; cis & trans and <i>syn</i> & <i>anti</i> nomenclature. Chirality in molecules with two and more chiral centres. b. Conformational analysis of open chain compounds (Butane, 2, 3-butane diol, 2,3-dibromobutane etc.). <i>Erythro</i> and <i>threo</i> nomenclature. c. Topicity and Prostereoisomerism: Topicity of ligands and faces-homotopic, enantiotopic and Cram's rule /diastereotopic ligands and faces. d. Introduction to chemoselective, regioselective and stereoselective reactions.	14

	<p>e. Stereochemistry of <i>cis</i>- and <i>trans</i>-decalins, conformation and reactivity of cyclohexane and substituted cyclohexanes, cyclohexene / cyclohexanone. conformational isomerism and analysis in acyclic and simple cyclic systems –substituted ethanes, cyclopentane, cyclohexane cycloheptane, cyclooctane and decalins,</p> <p>f. optical isomerism - optical activity - molecular dissymmetry and chirality - elements of symmetry. optical isomerism in biphenyls, allenes and spirans - optical isomerism of nitrogenous compounds racemisation and resolution.</p>	
	<p><b>4.Reaction Mechanism</b></p> <p>a. Brief revision of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, Arynes and nitrenes with reference to generation, structure, stability and reactivity;</p> <p>b. Types of mechanisms, types of reactions, thermodynamic and kinetic control.</p> <p>c. The Hammond postulate and principle of microscopic reversibility,</p> <p>d. Methods of determining reaction mechanisms like-</p> <p>i. Identification of products,</p> <p>ii. Determination of the presence of intermediates (isolation, detection, trapping and addition of suspected intermediate,</p> <p>iii. Isotopic labelling,</p> <p>iv. Stereochemical evidence,</p> <p>v. Kinetic evidence and</p> <p>vi. Isotope effect (at least two reactions to exemplify each method be studied)</p>	08
	<p><b>5.Aliphatic Nucleophilic substitution</b></p> <p>a. Brief revision of nucleophilic substitutions with respect to Mechanism, various factors affecting such reactions;</p> <p>b. The Neighbouring Group Participation (NGP)/ Anchimeric assistance: General approach to various NGP processes; NGP by unshared/lone pair of electrons; NGP by <math>\pi</math>-electrons; NGP by aromatic rings (formation of phenonium ion intermediate); NGP by sigma bonds with special reference to bornyl and nor-bornyl system (formation of nonclassical carbocation)</p>	08
	<p><b>6.Elimination reactions</b></p> <p>a. The E2, E1 and E1cB mechanisms. Orientation of the double bond, Saytzeff and Hofmann rule.</p> <p>b. Effects of changes in the substrate, base, leaving group and medium on</p> <p>i. Overall reactivity,</p> <p>ii. E1 vs. E2 vs. E1cB</p>	08

	<p>iii. Elimination vs substitution, Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic <i>syn</i> elimination (various examples involving cyclic and acyclic substrates to be studied).</p>	
	<p><b>7. Selective reagents for Organic transformation</b></p> <p>a. Oxidation of organic compounds, PCC, PDC and MnO<sub>2</sub>, ozonolysis, peracids.</p> <p>b. Reduction of organic compounds: NaBH<sub>4</sub>, LAH, DIBAL reduction and reduction with borane and dialkylboranes. Clemmensen reduction, Birch reduction and Wolff-Kishner reduction</p>	06
<b>Pedagogy</b>	<p>Mainly lectures and tutorials. Seminars/term papers/assignments/presentations/ self-study or a combination of some of these can also be used. ICT mode should be preferred. Sessions should be interactive in nature to enable peer group learning.</p>	
<b>References / Readings</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. W. Caruthers, I. Coldham, Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis, Cambridge University Press, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2016.</li> <li>2. M. B. Smith, Organic Synthesis, McGraw-HILL, New York, International Edition, 1994.</li> <li>3. J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren, P. Wothers, Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2012.</li> <li>4. R. Bruckner, Advanced Organic Chemistry – Reaction Mechanisms, San Diego, CA: Harcourt /Academic Press, San Diego, 2002.</li> <li>5. J. Fuhrhop, G. Penxlin, Organic Synthesis – Concepts, Methods, Starting Materials, VCH Publishers Inc., New York, 1994.</li> <li>6. H. O. House, Modern Synthetic Reactions, W. A. Benjamin, 2<sup>nd</sup>Ed.,1965</li> <li>7. M. Nogradi, Stereoselective Synthesis, VCH Publishers, Inc., Revised and Enlarged Edition, 1994.</li> <li>8. F. A. Carey, R. J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Springer India Private Limited, 5<sup>th</sup>Ed, 2007.</li> <li>9. T. Laue, A. Plagens, Named Organic Reactions, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 2005.</li> </ol>	
<b>Course outcomes:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students will be in a position to evaluate the effect of delocalization of electrons &amp; presence or absence of aromaticity in organic compounds.</li> <li>2. Students will be able to apply various concepts in stereochemistry to understand stereochemical outcome in a reaction.</li> <li>3. Students shall be in a position to understand/propose plausible mechanism of organic reactions.</li> <li>4. Students will understand and apply various reagents for desired organic transformations.</li> </ol>	