Name of the Programme: M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology

Course Code: MBT 621

Title of the Course: IPR, Biosafety & Bioethics

Number of Credits: 3

Effective from AY: 2022-23

Pre-requisites for the Course:	No prerequisite is required	
Course Objectives:	 To provide basic knowledge on intellectual property r their implications in biological research and development; To learn biosafety and risk assessment of products deri biotechnology and regulation of such products; To become familiar with ethical issues in biological resear Understand the consequences of biomedical technologies such as cloning of whole organisms modifications, DNA testing. 	product ived from rch. research
Content:	MODULE I	No. of hours
	 Different types of IP: patents, trademarks, copyright, industrial design, traditional knowledge, geographical indications, Trade Secrets. Basics of patents: types of patents; Concept of 'prior art': invention in context of "prior art"; 	15
	 Precautions before patenting-disclosure/non-disclosure Patent application- forms and guidelines, fee structure, time frames; Types of patent applications: provisional and complete specifications; PCT and conventional patent applications; procedure for filing a PCT application; role of a Country Patent Office; filing of a patent application; Patent databases - IP as a factor in R&D IPs of relevance to biotechnology and few case studies; WIPO Treaties; Budapest Treaty; Patent Cooperation 	

 Treaty (PCT) International framework for the protection of IP National Bio-diversity Authority (NBA) and other regulatory bodies, protection of new GMOs; History of GATT, WTO, WIPO and TRIPS; plant variety protection and farmers rights act; Country-wise patent searches (USPTO, EPO, India); analysis and report formation. International patenting-requirement, procedures and costs; financial assistance for patenting Publication of patents-gazette of India, status in Europe and US; Patent infringement- meaning, scope, litigation, case studies and examples; Commercialization of patented innovations; licensing – outright sale, licensing, royalty; patenting by research students and scientists-university/organizational rules in India and abroad, collaborative research - backward and forward IP; Benefit/credit sharing among parties/community, commercial (financial) and non-commercial incentives. 	
 MODULE II Biosafety and Biosecurity - introduction; historical background; introduction to biological safety cabinets; primary containment for biohazards; biosafety levels; GRAS organisms, biosafety levels of specific microorganisms; recommended biosafety levels for infectious agents and infected animals; Definition of GMOs & LMOs; principles of safety assessment of transgenic plants – sequential steps in risk assessment; concepts of familiarity and substantial equivalence; risk – environmental risk assessment and food and feed safety assessment; problem formulation – protection goals, compilation of relevant information, risk 	15

	 characterization and development of analysis plan; risk assessment of transgenic crops vs cisgenic plants or products derived from RNAi, genome editing tools. International regulations – Cartagena protocol, OECD consensus documents and Codex Alimentarius; Indian regulations – EPA act and rules, guidance documents, regulatory framework – RCGM, GEAC, IBSC and other regulatory bodies; Draft bill of Biotechnology Regulatory authority of India - containments – biosafety levels and category of rDNA experiments; field trails – biosafety research trials – standard operating procedures - guidelines of state governments; GM labeling – Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI). 	
	 MODULE III Introduction, ethical conflicts in biological sciences interference with nature Bioethics in health care - patient confidentiality, informed consent, euthanasia, artificial reproductive technologies, prenatal diagnosis genetic screening, gene therapy, transplantation. Bioethics in research – cloning and stem cell research, Human and animal experimentation, animal rights/welfare Agricultural biotechnology - Genetically engineered food, environmental risk, labeling and public opinion. Sharing benefits and protecting future generations Protection of environment and biodiversity Biopiracy 	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, tutorials, Case studies, assignments	
References/ Readings:	 L. Bently and B. Sherman, Intellectual property law University Press, 2008. L. Bently, Intellectual property law Oxford University 2008. 	

3. Complete Reference to Intellectual Property Rights
4. T. M. Cook, A User's Guide to Patents Tottel Publishing., 2007.
5. W. Craig, M. Tepfer, G. Degrassi, & D. Ripandelli, An Overview of
General divisions/csurv/geac/annex-5.pdf F, 2009.
6. Problem Formulation in the Environmental Risk Assessment for
Genetically Modified Plants. Transgenic Research, 19(3), 425-436.
doi:10.1007/s11248-009-9321-9
7. D. O. Fleming, D. L. Hunt, Biological safety: principles and
practices ASM Press., 2000.
8. P. Ganguli, Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the
Knowledge Economy. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Pub., 2001.
9. Grubb P. W. Grubb P. L. Thomsen, P. R., Patents for Chemicals,
Pharmaceuticals and Biotechnology: Fundamentals of Global Law,
Practice and Strategy Oxford University Press., 2010.
10. http://www.wipo.int
11. International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants.
http://www.upov.int
12. J. Rajmohan. Biosafety and bioethics Gyan Publishing House.,
2006.
13. F. Karen . Greif and Jon F. Merz, Current Controversies in the
Biological Sciences – Case Studies of Policy Challenges from New
Technologies, MIT Press
14. Keith F, CRC handbook of laboratory safety. A.CRC Press.,2000.
15. H. Kuhse, Bioethics: An Anthology. Malden, MA: Blackwell., 2010.
16. Laws. Snow White Publication Oct., 2007.
17. National Biodiversity Authority. http://www.nbaindia.org
18. National IPR Policy, Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion,
Ministry of Commerce, Gol.
19. National Portal of India.http://www.archive.india.gov.in
20. Office of the Controller General of Patents, Design & Trademarks;
Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion; Ministry of
Commerce & Industry; Government of India.
http://www.ipindia.nic.in/
21. Recombinant DNA Safety Guidelines, Department of
Biotechnology, Ministry of Science and Technology, Govt. of
India, 2017. Retrieved from https://dbtindia.gov.in/
22. K. Singh. Intellectual property rights in Biotechnology. A status
report New Delhi Biotech Consortium, India, 1993.
23. N.S. Sreenivasulu, and C.B. Raju, Biotechnology and Patent laws:
patenting living beings Manupatra Publishers, 2008.
24. Wegner H. Patent law in Biotechnology, chemicals &

	pharmaceuticals. Stockton Press, 1994.
	25. Wolt, J. D., Keese, P., Raybould, A., Fitzpatrick, J.W., Burachik, M.,
	Gray, A., Wu, World Intellectual Property Organisation. World
	Health Organization. Laboratory biosafety manual. WHO press,
	2004.
	26. World Trade Organisation. http://www.wto.org
Course	
Outcomes:	On completion of this course, students should be able to:
	1. understand the rationale for and against IPR and especially
	patents;
	2. understand why India has adopted an IPR Policy and be familiar
	with broad outline of patent regulations;
	3. understand different types of intellectual property rights
	4. gain knowledge national and international regulations of biosafety
	and risk assessment of products derived from recombinant DNA
	research and environmental release of GMOs
	5. describe the major competing ethical theories and apply ethical
	theory to contemporary moral issues that arise out of recent
	developments in the life sciences that affect public policy.
	6. analyze and clarify moral beliefs about abortion, human
	reproduction, decisions of life and death, mental illness and other
	related issues.
	related issues.