Title of the Course: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY [T]

Course Code: MIC-512

Number of Credits: 3, Theory Contact hours: 45

Effective from Academic Year: 2022-23

Prerequisites	It is assumed that the students have a basic knowledge of DNA	
	(structure and replication), transcription and protein synthesis	
Objective:	To enhance the comprehension of concepts in molecular biology.	
Content:		()
1.	Chromosome architecture and eukaryotic DNA replication	(15)
1.1	Nucleic acids, types of DNAs and DNA packaging	4
Α.	Structure of DNA and RNA.	
В.	Types of DNA (A-DNA, B-DNA, Z-DNA and triplex DNA) and their	
	structural characteristics.	
С.	DNA packaging in bacteria (nucleoid) and viruses.	
1.2	Chromosomes, genomes and their evolution	5
Α.	Fundamental functions of DNA.	
В.	Chromosomal DNA and its packaging in the chromatin fibre,	
	chromatin organization.	
С.	Structural features (telomere, centromere and repetitive	
	sequences) of chromosomes and their functions. Lampbrush and	
	polytene chromosomes.	
D.	Evolution of genomes, paralogous and orthologous evolution of	
	duplicated genes	
1.3	DNA replication in eukaryotes	6
	DNA realization in the context of the call evelor Characture and	
	DNA replication in the context of the cell cycle; structure and	
	functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other	
	functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase,	
	functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and	
	functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication.	
2.	functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. DNA damage, repair and recombination	(15)
2. 2.1	 DNA replication in the context of the cell cycle; Structure and functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. DNA damage, repair and recombination DNA damage and repair mechanisms 	(15) 8
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2. 2.1 A. B.	 DNA replication in the context of the cell cycle; Structure and functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. DNA damage, repair and recombination DNA damage and repair mechanisms Types of DNA damage: spontaneous and induced DNA damage. Mechanisms / pathways to remove damaged DNA: Excision repair, 	(15) 8
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2. 2.1 A. B. 2.2	 DNA replication in the context of the cell cycle; Structure and functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. DNA damage, repair and recombination DNA damage and repair mechanisms Types of DNA damage: spontaneous and induced DNA damage. Mechanisms / pathways to remove damaged DNA: Excision repair, mismatch repair, recombination repair, SOS Repair, photoreactivation repair. Mechanisms of genetic recombination 	(15) 8 7
2. 2.1 A. B. 2.2 A.	 DNA replication in the context of the cell cycle; Structure and functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. DNA damage, repair and recombination DNA damage and repair mechanisms Types of DNA damage: spontaneous and induced DNA damage. Mechanisms / pathways to remove damaged DNA: Excision repair, mismatch repair, recombination repair, SOS Repair, photoreactivation repair. Mechanisms of genetic recombination. 	(15) 8 7
2. 2.1 A. B. 2.2 A. B.	 DNA replication in the context of the cell cycle; Structure and functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. DNA damage, repair and recombination DNA damage and repair mechanisms Types of DNA damage: spontaneous and induced DNA damage. Mechanisms / pathways to remove damaged DNA: Excision repair, mismatch repair, recombination repair, SOS Repair, photoreactivation repair. Mechanisms of genetic recombination. Homologous recombination, Non-homologous end joining (NHEJ). 	(15) 8 7
2. 2.1 A. B. 2.2 A. B. C.	 DNA replication in the context of the cell cycle; structure and functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. DNA damage, repair and recombination DNA damage and repair mechanisms Types of DNA damage: spontaneous and induced DNA damage. Mechanisms / pathways to remove damaged DNA: Excision repair, mismatch repair, recombination repair, SOS Repair, photoreactivation repair. Mechanisms of genetic recombination. Homologous recombination, Non-homologous end joining (NHEJ). Synaptonemal complex, Bacterial RecBCD system and its 	(15) 8 7
2. 2.1 A. B. 2.2 A. B. C.	 DNA replication in the context of the cell cycle; structure and functions of eukaryotic DNA polymerases, functions of other enzymes (helicase, gyrase, topoisomerase, primase, ligase, telomerase); Steps involved in DNA replication; Similarities and differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic DNA replication. DNA damage, repair and recombination DNA damage and repair mechanisms Types of DNA damage: spontaneous and induced DNA damage. Mechanisms / pathways to remove damaged DNA: Excision repair, mismatch repair, recombination General and site-specific recombination. Homologous recombination, Non-homologous end joining (NHEJ). Synaptonemal complex, Bacterial RecBCD system and its stimulation of chi sequences. 	(15) 8 7

3.	Gene expression and its regulation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes	(15)
Α.	The central dogma concept, DNA to RNA to protein	1
В.	The RNA world and the origin of life.	2
С.	An overview of gene expression control, DNA binding motifs in	2
	gene regulatory proteins, genetic switches and their role in the	
	control of gene expression, combinatorial gene control.	
D.	Structure and function of prokaryotic and eukaryotic RNA:	2
	Prokaryotic and eukaryotic mRNA, tRNA, rRNA and ribosomes,	
	processing of eukaryotic hnRNA, snRNA.	
E.	Post-transcriptional controls: Transcriptional attenuation,	3
	riboswitches, alternate splicing, RNA editing, RNA interference.	
F.	Synthesis and processing of proteins: The genetic code,	3
_	aminoacylation of tRNA, mechanism of protein synthesis,	-
	translational proof-reading, translational inhibitors.	
G.	Protein folding, post-translational modifications of proteins, leader	2
	sequences, protein localization and secretion.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorials/assignments	
References/	Alberts, B., Heald, R., Johnson, A., Morgan, D., Raff, M., Roberts,	
Readings	K., Peter Walter, P., Molecular Biology of the Cell. WW Norton & Co.	
	(2022).	
	Darnell, J. E., Lodish, H. F. and Baltimore, D., Molecular Cell Biology,	
	Scientific American Books, Spektrum Akademischer Verlag. (1990)	
	Davis, L. G., Dibner, M. D. and Battey, J. F., Basic Methods in Molecular Biology, Elsovier (1986)	
	Gardner F I Simmons M I and Snustad D P Principles of	
	Genetics, John Wiley & Sons (2006).	
_	Gerhardt, P., Methods for General and Molecular Bacteriology,	
	Elsevier (1994).	
	Green, M. R. and Sambrook, J., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory	
	Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, New York (2014).	
	Krebs, J.E., Krebs J.E., Lewin B., Goldstein E.S. and Kilpatrick, S.T.,	
	LEWIS Genes XII, Jones and Bartlett Publishers (2018)	
	Rook Distributors Private Limited (2008)	
 	Tamarin, R. H., Principles of Genetics, McGraw-Hill Higher Education	
	(2017).	
	Twyman, R. M. and Wisden, W., Advanced Molecular Biology: A	
	Concise Reference, Garland Science (1998).	
	Watson, J. D., Molecular Biology of the Gene, Pearson/Benjamin	
	Cummings (2007).	
Course Outcomes	 Classify genome and gene structure. 	
	 Summarize the regulation of gene expression in both 	
	prokaryotes and eukaryotes.	
	 Explain Dive using end repair. Connect genomics to expressed proteins 	