Name of the Programme:M. Sc. ZoologyCourse Code:ZOO-502Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-requisites	Elementary knowledge on animal anatomy and basic physiology	
for the Course:		
Course	1. To reveal animal body system having physiological homologies and	
Objectives:	patterns of physiological adaptation to various environments	
	2. To analyze aspects related to nutrition, excretion, circulation	, respiration
	and reproductive physiology	
	3. To introduce various principles that underlies higher level int	egrative
	bodily functions.	-
	4. To provide a comprehensive knowledge of functional physiol	ogical
	pathways comparing different animals.	0
Content:	Module 1	
	Nutrition (Feeding and digestion) in Non-chordates and	15 hours
	chordates. Metagenome of mammalian gut. concept of gut-	
	brain axis, rumen fermentation. Movements of	
	gastrointestinal tract. control and reflexes.	
	General view of excretion and osmoregulation in non-	
	chordates and chordates in freshwater, marine water and	
	terrestrial environment. Contributions of Crustacean antennal	
	glands and Molluscan mantle to acid-base regulation. Urine	
	formation in Metanephros kidney. Nephrolithiasis-mechanism	
	of renal stone formation.	
	Module 2	
	General composition of coelomic fluid and hemolymph of	
	Non- chordates, formation of lymph in humans.	15 hours
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	Physiological difference between pulmonary and systemic	
	circulation of higher vertebrates and changes during	
	pregnancy. Lung volumes and their physiological	
	interpretations and changes in lung volumes during	
	pregnancy. Ventilation perfusion physiology.	
	Conducting system of heart, regulation of heart beat, cardiac	

	output and blood pressure, comparison of action potentials of	
	Pacemaker cell and cardiomyocyte, effect of exercise on	
	cardiovascular physiology: A human perspective.	
	Module 3	
	Various types of reproductive modes in non-chordates and 15 hours	
	chordates.	
	Uterine physiology, implantation, delayed	
	implantation/embryonic diapause and its regulation, estrous	
	cycles and types of anestrous periods. Gestation, prenatal	
	development and placentation in humans.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/tutorials/self-study/videos/presentations/mini projects/Group	
	activities	
References/	1. R. S. K. Barnes, P. Calow, P. J. W. Olive, D. W. Golding and J. I. Spicer,	
Readings:	The Invertebrates: A Synthesis, (Third edition), Blackwell Science,	
	2001.	
	2. C. Moyces and P. Schulte, Principles of Animal Physiology, Second	
	Edition, Pearson International Edition, USA, 2013.	
	3. C. L. Prosser, Comparative Animal Physiology, Part A, Environmental	
	and Metabolic Animal Physiology (Fourth Edition), Oxford, John Wiley	
	& Sons Publication, 1991.	
	4. D. Randall, W. Burggren and K. E. French, Animal Physiology, (Fifth	
	edition), New York, WH Freeman and Co, 2001.	
	5. K. Schmidt-Nielsen, Animal Physiology: Adaptation and Environment,	
	(Fifth Edition), Cambridge University Press, 2001.	
	6. P. C. Withers, Comparative Animal Physiology, (First Edition), Fort	
	Worth, Saunders College Publication, 1992.	
Course	The learner will	
Outcomes:	1. Explain the basic concepts and processes of physiological regulation,	
	from cell to organ to organism level.	
	2. Appraise the functions of important physiological systems	
	3. Value how separate systems interact to yield interacted physiological	
	responses to challenges such as exercise, kidney stones and pregnancy.	
	4. Report different physiological parameters with respect to any alterations	
	and diseases.	