## Name of the Programme: M.Sc. ZoologyCourse Code: ZOO-612Title of the Course: Developments in Aquaculture (Theory)Number of Credits: 03Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-requisites	Basic knowledge of fish biology/aquatic biology and fish culture methods.	
for the Course:	Parallel enrollment for ZOO-614 Techniques in Aquaculture (Practical)	
Course	1. To impart knowledge and scientific skills to understand the field of	
Objectives:	modern Aquaculture.	
	2. To provide an in-depth understanding of different forms of	of fish farming
	practices and aquaculture farm construction.	
	3. To inculcate detailed knowledge of fish nutrition, fish fee	d formulation
	and organic farming techniques.	
	4. To develop a comprehensive knowledge of various	aquaculture
	diseases, parasite problems and preventive measures.	
	5. To empower learners to understand the recent trends and	challenges of
	a fish-farming society and get confidence to work on diffe	erent kinds of
	aquaculture practices.	
Content:	Module 1	
	Review on the fundamentals of Aquaculture: Scope and	15 hours
	principles of aquaculture, History of aquaculture, Importance	
	of aquaculture: worldwide, Nationwide, and state-wide.	
	Different sectors of Aquaculture and Types of culture	
	practices: Monoculture, Mono-sex culture, Cage culture, Pen	
	culture, composite culture and other techniques.	
	Hatchery management: types of hatcheries, design, and	
	construction, Pond management, and fertilization; pre-and	
	post-stocking management. Water-quality criteria for	
	Aquaculture.	
	Aquatand technology Sources of food Aquatand Technology	
	Aqualeed technology. Sources of food, Aqualeed Technology.	
	additives Each conversion ratio (ECP) Protoin retention and	
	Calorie retention. Nutritional requirements at various stages	
	of development of fish & crustaceans	
	or development of hish & crustaceans.	
	Module 2	
	Finfish and Shellfish farming: Freshwater and marine fish seed	

	resources in India. Gears and crafts are used for seed collection and fish collection	15 hours
		13 110013
	Concept of Bundh breeding (Advantages and Disadvantages) Maintenance and criteria for optimum conditions for Hatchery and nursery management (Brood stock collection and transportation, Life cycle, breeding behaviour, breeding season, and sexual maturity) of Indian Major Carps, Freshwater prawns, white-leg shrimp, Mud crab, edible oyster, Green mussels.	
	Induced breeding technique in Carps and Salmonids. Advantages of GIFT (Genetically Improved Farmed Tilapia) in Aquaculture. Fish diseases and Integrated health management of the farm.	
	Module 3 Organic farming techniques: Integrated farming, Biofloc technology. Green aquaculture, Aquaponic system, Bioremediation, Biofiltration, Eco-labelling. Zero water exchange, and Reuse. Aquaculture Industries: Technology of Fish products and By- products, Environmental considerations: Impact of Climate Change on aquaculture, Mitigation, and adaptive strategies.	15 hours
Pedagogy:	lectures/tutorials/assignments/self-study/Presentation/classroo	m activities
References/	1 B B Stickney Aquaculture-An introductory text Alex Lai	nshurry CARI
Readings:	South Asia Edition.2022.	nsburry, CADI
	2. FAO, The Stare of World Fisheries and Aguaculture.202	20. Available:
	http://doi.org/10.4060/ca9229en	
	3. R.L. Naylor, R.W. Hardy, Buschmann, and A.H., Bush	, "A 20-year
	retrospective review of global aquaculture", Nature, 2021.	
	4. J.S. Lucas, Aquaculture: Farming aquatic animals and plant	ts, John Wiley
	& Sons,2019.	
	5. "The state of world fisheries and aquaculture", The	e sustainable
	aevelopment goals. FAO. License: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.202	U.
	o. S. Ayyappan, Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture, ICAR	Publications,

	New Delhi, 2011.	
	7. T.V. Pillay, and M.N. Kutty, Aquaculture: Principles and practices (2nd	
	Edition), Blackwell Publishing,2015.	
	8. D. Mills, Aquarium fishes, Dorling Kindersley Ltd, London, 1998.	
	9. J.D. Jameson, and R. Santhanan, Manual of ornamental fishes and	
	farming technologies, 1996.	
	10. N.K. Thakur, Culture of live food organisms for aqua hatcheries. Training	
	manual. CIFE (ICAR), Mumbai,1998.	
Course	The learner will	
Outcomes:	1. Conclude the importance of aquaculture in the country.	
	2. Assess the basis of technologies of fisheries and aquaculture to	
	understand the principles, their importance, purpose and application.	
	3. Construct methods and techniques for hatchery/pond construction,	
	their management methods and quality assurance principles.	
	4. Appraise advanced techniques in aquaculture concerning inducing	
	breeding in fish, fish feed preparation, and fish disease prevention	
	5. Analyze and evaluate the effects of fisheries and aquaculture on the	
	environment, to provide preventive safety measures.	
	6. Develop the ability to research in the field of fish biology, fisheries and	
	aquaculture.	