Green-cum-Energy Audit Summary Audit Report

Name of Higher Education Institution: Goa University

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Name of coordinator: Prof. (Dr.) Rajendra S. Gad

Telephone No: 8669609217

Date commenced: 02.12.2019

Date completed: 15.12.2020

Total strength of student and teachers: 3000

The major components of campus in context to water utilization and sewage disposal.

1)	Garden area with Lawn	✓
2)	Play Ground	✓
3)	Kitchen	☑02
4)	Toilets (number)	☑125
5)	Garbage dumps (number)	☑02
6)	Laboratory	☑85
7)	Canteen	☑10
8)	Rain water Harvesting,	☑02

9) Underground percolation tank, Farm pond, Raw water storage pond)

Ground Water tank

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The level of disturbance for the HEI in a scale of 1 to 9

1)	Municipal dump yard	00
		01
2)	Garbage head	00
3)	Public convenience	
4)	Sewer line	02
5)	Stagnant water	00
6)	Open drainage (River)	01
7)	Industry – (Sugar Industry)	00
8)	Bus / Railway Station	02
9)	Market / Shopping complex / Public halls	01

I-WASTE

1) The waste generated by HEI.

Garden waste,

Papers, box

Canteen waste etc.

2) The approximate amount of waste generated per day?

(In Kilograms) (Approx)

Approx	Bio degradable	Non-Bio degradable	Hazardous	Others
< 1 kg.			Yes⊠	
2- 10 kg.				
>10 kg.	Yes⊠	Yes☑		Yes⊠

3) The waste management strategy.

Composting
 Recycling
 Like papers used on both sides

3) Reusing

☑ Handed over to agency

4) Food waste from mess given to pig farm

5) Hazardous material generated in chemistry lab and Life Sciences labs: Hazardous waste is generated by working with small quantities of reagents and solvents are collected back instead of allowing them to go into common sewage.

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II - GREENING THE CAMPUS

- and habitants spend time in the garden. There is a garden in HEI 4)
- Number of plants on campus: 1000+ 5)
- The list of the species planted by the students, with numbers. 6)

1.	Bottle Palm	120
2.	Neem	15
3.	Coconut	30
4.	Umber	01
5.	Gulmohor and similar species	50
6.	Rubber (small leaf)	01
7.	Pipal	15
8.	Morpankhi	15
9.	Babul	10
10.	Rose	30
11.	Badam	50
12.	Ahsoka	10
13.	Mango	200
14.	Assorted plants	40
15.	Lawns	01 acre

III - ENERGY

- 7) The energy is utilized by the following products/machinery and equipment.
 - 1. Light& fans
 - 2. Heating, Refrigeration & Air conditioning system 3. Internet & Computer

 - 4. Practical equipment
 - 5. Pumping

(Electricity, Diesel Generators, LPG, Solar, Biogas).

Using this list, try to think of ways that you could use less energy every day.

Energy	Reduction of usage
Electricity	10 %

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2	Generator	20 %
3	LPG	00 %
4	Solar	30%

- 8) The energy saving methods employed by adopting the measures like
 - a. LED Lamps are installed in the HEI (Provision of LED Lamps wherever possible)
 - b. Solar Water heaters are used in hostel
 - c. 3KW Solar Power Station installed for electricity supply to Electronics Department
 - d. Optimum use of electrical equipment.
 - e. LED monitors are used in computer labs
- 9) The spending on energy such as electricity, gas, firewood, etc. per month.

Record Monthly

Electric meter reading	LPG Consumption	Fuel for Generator
197620	Rs.5000	Rs.50000
220180	Rs.5000	Rs.50000
208070	Rs.5000/-	Rs.50000
190260	Rs.5000/-	Rs.50000
208230	Rs.5000	Rs.50000
	reading 197620 220180 208070 190260	reading 197620 Rs.5000 220180 Rs.5000 208070 Rs.5000/- 190260 Rs.5000/-

- 10) The number of LED* bulbs installed: 100bulbs and 2070 tube lights Electronic tubes are also installed in Campus
- 11) The details of alternative energy sources employed at HEI:

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- 3KW Solar Power Station installed for electricity supply to Electronics Department,
- ii. Solar collecting panels are installed for water heating in the hostels
- 12) The "switch off" drills are practiced at HEI and the computers and other equipment put on power saving mode.
- 13) The machinery (TV, AC, Computer, weighing balance, Printers, etc.) run on standby modes for average 2.00 Hours daily.

IV - WATER CONSERVATION

- 14) List four uses of water.
 - 1) Drinking
 - 2) Washrooms
 - 3) Laboratories
 - 4) Gardening

The water is stored in overhead tank, ground water Tank

- 15) The water supply is done by PWD and it is supplied to the habitants from the water pumping station and the output/sewage is released through PWD sewer line joining the treatment plant.
- 16) The water saving is observed by way of
 - a. By using push cock system
 - b. Evaporation of water is minimized
 - c. Glasses are provided for drinking water.
 - d. Awareness in students to save the water
- 17) The water utilization on the campus.

Week	Water for	Water for	Water for	Water for
	toilet (Ltr)	drinking	gardening	laboratory
		(Ltr)	(Ltr)	(Ltr)

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1	787500	612500	87500	262500
2	780000	600000	100000	270000
3	790000	620000	110000	230000
4	785000	615000	105000	225000

18) The rain water harvesting system is installed at 02 locations.

V-ANIMAL WALFARE

19) The animals (wild and domestic) found on the campus.

Dogs - 25
Cats - 05
Squirrels - 100

Birds of various species - Ample.

- 20) The animal birth control practice is performed by the municipal corporation.
- 21) The animal welfare organization is available in the vicinity of HEI (Prayas Charitable Trust, Panaji).

VI - GENERAL

- 22) The awareness of environment Laws is found in the habitants. The University undertakes different environment conservation initiatives and program. The University has signed MOU with Goa Biodiversity board.
- 23) The HEI practice the environment conservation rules such as-
 - Building is planned to have natural illumination and good air cross ventilation.
 - Plant more trees and educate others about the positive aspects of it.
 - Choose fuel efficient travel options, travel less and try to pick more direct routes to save on fuel
 - Use less Fossil Fuel Based Products
 - Conserve Water
 - Reduce Use of Harmful Chemicals
 - Animal should not be injured or killed.

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Having identifies parking near the entry and exit gates.

Action Plan

Utilize the open space and roof-top for generation of solar energy;

Increase the use of LED bulbs and tubes;

Employ measures like sub-meter at each building to control the energy utilization;

The mechanism for collection of surface runoff water;

Use of sensors at appropriate location;

Install water meters;

Use modern practices for efficient watering of plants;

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